Abstract Submitted for the MAR16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

 $Mo_5PB_2$ : a new superconductor in the  $Cr_5B_3$  structure type with  $T_c = 9.2 \ K^1$  MICHAEL MCGUIRE, DAVID PARKER, Oak Ridge National Laboratory — Superconductivity has been reported recently in several ternary silicide-borides adopting the tetragonal  $Cr_5B_3$  structure type, including Nb<sub>5</sub>Si<sub>3-x</sub>B<sub>x</sub>,  $Mo_5SiB_2$ , and  $W_5SiB_2$ , with critical temperatures ranging from 5.8-7.8 K. Here we report superconductivity with  $T_c$  exceeding 9 K in the phosphorus-containing analogue  $Mo_5PB_2$ . We have synthesized polycrystalline samples of the compound, made measurements of electrical resistivity, magnetic susceptibility, and heat capacity, and performed first principles electronic structure calculations. The highest  $T_c$  values occur in slightly phosphorus rich samples, with composition near  $Mo_5P_{1.1}B_{1.9}$ . Together with the measured properties, the calculations suggest the superconductivity in these materials may be multi-band.

<sup>1</sup>Research sponsored by the US Department of Energy, Office of Science, Basic Energy Sciences, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division.

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Date submitted: 05 Nov 2015

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