Abstract Submitted for the MAR16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Spatially inhomogeneous barrier height in graphene/MoS2 Schottky junctions¹ DUSHYANT TOMER, SHIVANI RAJPUT, LIAN LI, University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee — Graphene interfaced with a semiconductor forms a Schottky junction with rectifying properties. In this study, graphene Schottky junctions are fabricated by transferring CVD monolayer graphene on mechanically exfoliated MoS2 multilayers. The forward bias current–voltage characteristics are measured in the temperature range of 210–300 K. An increase in the zero bias barrier height and decrease in the ideality factor are observed with increasing temperature. Such behavior is attributed to Schottky barrier inhomogeneities possibly due to graphene ripples and ridges at the junction interface as suggested by atomic force microscopy. Assuming a Gaussian distribution of the barrier height, mean barrier of 0.970.10 eV is found for the graphene MoS2 junction. Our findings provide significant insight on the barrier height inhomogeneities in graphene/two dimensional semiconductor Schottky junctions.

¹U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Division of Materials Sciences and Engineering Award No. DEFG02-07ER46228

Dushyant Tomer University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee

Date submitted: 05 Nov 2015 Electronic form version 1.4