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p-Orbital Density Wave with d Symmetry in High-Tc Cuprate Superconductors MASAHISA TSUCHIIZU, YOUICHI YAMAKAWA, HIROSHI KONTANI, Nagoya University — Emergence of the nematic density wave is a fundamental unsolved problem in cuprate superconductors. To understand the origin of the nematicity, we employ the recently-developed functional renormalization-group method with high numerical accuracy, and discover the critical development of the *p*-orbital-density-wave (*p*-ODW) instability in the strong-spin-fluctuation region [1]. The obtained *p*-ODW state possesses the key characteristics of the charge ordering pattern in Bi- and Y-based superconductors, such as the wavevector parallel to the nearest Cu-Cu direction, and the *d*-symmetry form factor with the antiphase correlation between p_x and p_y orbitals in the same unit cell. From the beautiful scaling relation between the spin susceptibility and the *p*-ODW susceptibility, we conclude that the *p*-ODW is driven by the strong interference between spin and charge fluctuations. It is clarified that the strong charge-spin interference, which is the origin of the nematicity, is the hidden but significant characteristics of the electronic states in cuprate superconductors.

[1] M. Tsuchiizu, Y. Yamakawa, and H. Kontani, arXiv:1508.07218.

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