

Abstract Submitted  
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**Estimating thermal conductivity and thermoelectricity in PbTiO<sub>3</sub> from first principles** ANINDYA ROY, Johns Hopkins University — A combination of density functional theory and Boltzmann transport equation is used in this study to calculate the lattice thermal conductivity ( $\kappa_L$ ) of PbTiO<sub>3</sub> (PTO). We cannot apply this procedure to determine  $\kappa_L$  in presence of imaginary phonon modes ("soft modes"). Hence the tetragonal structure of PTO is used in these calculations, and the predicted  $\kappa_L$  is extrapolated to higher temperature using insights from experiments. The computed  $\kappa_L$  of PTO is low, possibly due to the anharmonicity associated with the ferroelectric/paraelectric transition. Electronic transport parameters such as the Seebeck coefficient and the electrical conductivity are also determined (under constant scattering time approximation in semiclassical Boltzmann theory) for PTO. The low  $\kappa_L$  and the electronic transport parameters together indicate excellent thermoelectric properties of PTO ( $zT > 1.5$  at 1000 K). As a technologically important ferroelectric/piezoelectric material, PTO is used in alloys and in layered structures. These morphologies could bring down the  $\kappa_L$  further, improving its thermoelectric performance. Synthesis of electrically conducting samples of PTO would allow us to verify the above predictions.

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