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**Modification of electron spin properties in a GaAs epilayer by an in-plane electric field**<sup>1</sup> MICHAEL MACMAHON, VANESSA SIH, Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 — The interaction of electron spins with accelerating electric fields in bulk gallium arsenide results in many effects that are relevant to proposed spin-based devices. For example, in-plane electric fields have been shown to change the g-factor<sup>2</sup>, generate spin polarization<sup>3</sup>, and decrease the spin lifetime<sup>4</sup>. Most such studies have used only very low electric fields, typically less than 100 V/cm. We investigate the dependence of spin lifetime on electric field at high electric fields and separate the contribution due to heating.

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<sup>2</sup>M. Luengo-Kovac et al., *Phys. Rev. B* **91**, 201110 (2015)

<sup>3</sup>B. M. Norman et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **112**, 056601 (2014)

<sup>4</sup>M. Furis et al., *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **89**, 102102 (2006)

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