

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR16 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Atomistic Simulations of High-intensity XFEL Pulses on Diffractive Imaging of Nano-sized Systems¹ PHAY HO, CHRISTOPHER KNIGHT, LINDA YOUNG, Argonne National Laboratory, MIKLOS TEGZE, GYULA FAIGEL, Institute for Solid State Physics and Optics of the Wigner Research Centre for Physics — We have developed a large-scale atomistic computational method based on a combined Monte Carlo and Molecular Dynamics (MC/MD) method to simulate XFEL-induced radiation damage dynamics of complex materials. The MD algorithm is used to propagate the trajectories of electrons, ions and atoms forward in time and the quantum nature of interactions with an XFEL pulse is accounted for by a MC method to calculate probabilities of electronic transitions. Our code has good scalability with MPI/OpenMP parallelization, and it has been run on Mira, a petascale system at the Argonne Leadership Computing Facility, with particle number >50 million. Using this code, we have examined the impact of high-intensity 8-keV XFEL pulses on the x-ray diffraction patterns of argon clusters. The obtained patterns show strong pulse parameter dependence, providing evidence of significant lattice rearrangement and diffuse scattering. Real-space electronic reconstruction was performed using phase retrieval methods. We found that the structure of the argon cluster can be recovered with atomic resolution even in the presence of considerable radiation damage.

¹This material is based upon work supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences Division under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH11357.

Phay Ho
Argonne National Laboratory

Date submitted: 06 Nov 2015

Electronic form version 1.4