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Spectral tuning of optical coupling between air-mode nanobeam cavities and individual carbon nanotubes¹ HIDENORI MACHIYA, TAKUSHI UDA, AKIHIRO ISHII, The University of Tokyo and RIKEN, YUICHIRO K. KATO, RIKEN — Air-mode nanobeam cavities allow for high efficiency coupling to air-suspended carbon nanotubes due to their unique mode profile that has large electric fields in air². Here we utilize heating-induced energy shift of carbon nanotube emission³ to investigate the cavity quantum electrodynamics effects. In particular, we use laser-induced heating which causes a large blue-shift of the nanotube photo-luminescence as the excitation power is increased. Combined with a slight red-shift of the cavity mode at high powers, detuning of nanotube emission from the cavity can be controlled. We estimate the spontaneous emission coupling factor β at different spectral overlaps and find an increase of β factor at small detunings, which is consistent with Purcell enhancement of nanotube emission.

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