Abstract Submitted for the MAR17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

The amplitude mode in three-dimensional dimerized antiferromagnets¹ YANQI QIN, Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS), ANDERS SANDVIK, Deapartment of Physics, Boston University, BRUCE NORMAND, Laboratory for Neutron Scattering and Imaging, Paul Scherrer Institute, ZIYANG MENG, Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) — The amplitude (Higgs) mode is a ubiquitous collective excitation related to spontaneous breaking of a continuous symmetry. We combine quantum Monte Carlo (QMC) simulations with stochastic analytic continuation to investigate the dynamics of the amplitude mode in a three-dimensional dimerized quantum spin system. We characterize this mode by calculating the spin and dimer spectral functions near the quantum critical point, finding that both the energies and the intrinsic widths satisfy field-theoretical scaling predictions. While the line width of the spin response is close to that observed in neutron scattering experiments on TlCuCl₃, the dimer response is significantly broader. Our results demonstrate that highly non-trivial dynamical properties are accessible by modern QMC and analytic continuation methods.

¹YQQ and ZYM acknowledge support from the Ministry of Science and Technology of China under Grant No. 2016YFA0300502, the National Science Foundation of China under Grant Nos. 11421092 and 11574359, and the National Thousand-Young-Talents Program of China.

> Yanqi Qin Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)

Date submitted: 08 Nov 2016

Electronic form version 1.4