

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR17 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Crossing fields in thin films of isotropic superconductors¹ F COLAUTO, UFSCar, V K VLASKO-VLASOV, ANL, A A BOUZDIN, U Bordeaux, A A M OLIVEIRA, IFSP, A M H ANDRADE, UFRGS, D CARMO, W A ORTIZ, UFSCar, D ROSENMAN, W -K KWOK, ANL — We study magnetic flux cutting effects by imaging the vortex dynamics in Nb films of different thickness in the crossing in-plane (H_{\parallel}) and normal fields. For $H_{\parallel} = 1$ kOe the motion of the normal vortices in a 200 nm film is found to be anisotropic. At $T > T_c/2$ we observe a delay in the vortex propagation across H_{\parallel} . At $T < T_c/2$, when thermomagnetic instabilities occur, the vortex dendrites tilt perpendicular to the in-plane field direction. In a 100 nm film, the normal flux dynamics is isotropic and independent of H_{\parallel} . Our calculations of the thermodynamic potential for the in-plane vortices predict their existence at $H_{\parallel} = 1$ kOe only in the 200 nm film. In the 100 nm sample, H_{\parallel} monotonously changes through the film thickness. Therefore, the observed delay of the normal flux motion across H_{\parallel} in the thicker film is due to the vortex cutting-reconnection of the normal and in-plane vortices. The enhanced pinning potential for motion across H_{\parallel} explains also the tilt of the dendrite branches at $T < T_c/2$.

¹The work supported by the U.S. DOE, Office of Science, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division. Colauto: FAPESP (2015/06.085-3).

Fabiano Colauto
Federal University of Sao Carlos - UFSCar

Date submitted: 09 Nov 2016

Electronic form version 1.4