Amplitude (Higgs) Mode at a Disordered Quantum Phase Transition\textsuperscript{1} JACK CREWSE, THOMAS VOJTA, Missouri Univ of Sci Tech, DANIEL AROVAS, University of California, San Diego — We investigate the amplitude (Higgs) mode of a diluted quantum rotor model in two dimensions close to the superfluid-Mott glass quantum phase transition. After mapping the Hamiltonian onto a classical (2+1)d XY model, scalar susceptibility is calculated in imaginary time by means of large-scale Monte Carlo simulations. Analytic continuation of the imaginary time data is performed via maximum entropy methods and yields the real-frequency spectral function. The spectral peak associated with the Higgs mode is identified and its fate upon approaching the disordered quantum phase transition is determined.

\textsuperscript{1}NSF Grant DMR-1506152

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Date submitted: 09 Nov 2016

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