If any of the two talks gets reassigned to a different section, we request they get reassigned together, in the same order (Zachariah Hennigausen et. al first, Gianina Buda et al. immediately after).

Abstract Submitted for the MAR17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Ab-initio study of heterostructures of vertically stacked and rotationally aligned incommensurate 2D-films<sup>1</sup> GIANINA BUDA, CHRISTO-PHER LANE, ZACHARIAH HENNIGHAUSEN, ANTHONY VARGAS, Northeastern University, FANGZE LIU, Los Alamos National Laboratory, ISMAIL BILGIN, DANIEL RUBIN, SWASTIK KAR, ARUN BANSIL, Northeastern University — Heterostructures obtained through vertical stacking of atomically-thin films are expected to provide a new generation of materials platforms for fundamental science investigations as well as applications. We discuss how one  $Bi_2Se_3$  quintuple-layer (QL) deposited on an  $MoS_2$  trilayer (TL) can stack aligned rotationally with long-range crystallographic order, despite the incommensurability of their lattices to form a new type of well-defined *heterocrystal*. Surprisingly, interaction between the Bi<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub> and  $MoS_2$  layers leads to electronic properties of the heterocrystal that are quite distinct from those of the parent films. We discuss our experimental findings in terms of first-principles computations of electronic and spin-structures, as well as charge densities for heterostructures of  $Bi_2Se_3$  stacked layer-by-layer on  $MoSe_2$  and  $WS_2$ films.

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