

Abstract Submitted
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Phase Helps Find Geometrically Optimal Gaits¹ SHAI REVZEN,
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motion planning describes motions of animals and machines governed by $\dot{g} = gA(q)\dot{q}$
– a connection $A(\cdot)$ relating shape q and shape velocity \dot{q} to body frame velocity
 $g^{-1}\dot{g} \in \mathfrak{se}(3)$. Measuring the entire connection over a multidimensional q is often
unfeasible with current experimental methods. We show how using a phase estimator
can make tractable measuring the local structure of the connection surrounding
a periodic motion $q(\varphi)$ driven by a phase $\varphi \in \mathbb{S}^1$. This approach reduces the
complexity of the estimation problem by a factor of $\dim q$. The results suggest that
phase estimation can be combined with geometric optimization into an iterative gait
optimization algorithm usable on experimental systems, or alternatively, to allow the
geometric optimality of an observed gait to be detected.

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