

Abstract Submitted  
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**Atomic-scale spatial modulation of zero-bias conductance in CeCoIn<sub>5</sub>**<sup>1</sup> YASUO YOSHIDA, HOWON KIM, YASUHIRO TADA, YUKIO HASEGAWA, Univ of Tokyo-Kashiwanoha, MICHITO SUZUKI, Riken, YOSHINORI HAGA, NAOYUKI TATEIWA, Japan Atomic Energy Agency, ZACHARY FISK, University of California, Irvine — Understanding the pairing mechanism of unconventional superconductivity has been a long-standing problem in condensed matter physics. Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) has been utilized to pursue the pairing mechanism especially on high- $T_C$  cuprates and recently on the heavy fermion superconductor CeCoIn<sub>5</sub>. However, the observed superconducting gap spectrum on CeCoIn<sub>5</sub> contains unexpectedly large zero-bias conductance (ZBC) even well below the critical temperature. By performing precise low-temperature STM measurements, we found that the amount of ZBC is larger on In sites and smaller on Ce sites in CeIn planes. We interpret this atomic-scale modulation as a consequence of different hybridization strengths of Ce  $5d$  and In  $4p$  bands with Ce  $4f$  band, indicating that both the unexpected ZBC and the spatial modulation are attributed to the fact that Ce  $4f$  electrons indeed play a main role for the superconductivity.

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Yasuo Yoshida  
Univ of Tokyo-Kashiwanoha

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