## Abstract Submitted for the MAR17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Polarization resolved photoluminescence study of pulse laser deposition assisted grown monolayer MoSe<sub>2</sub>-WSe<sub>2</sub> lateral hetero-junction.<sup>1</sup> FARMAN ULLAH, CHINH TAM LE, TRI KHOA NGUYEN, JONG WON YUN, YONG SOO KIM, Department of Physics, Semiconductor research laboratory (SDRL), University of Ulsan, Ulsan 680-749, South Korea — The development of lateral hetero-junctions between 2D semiconductors of different band gaps could pave the way for the fabrication of new 2D electronic devices, such as high-speed transistors, diodes, and light emitting diodes. Here we demonstrate the growth lateral hetero-junction between MoSe<sub>2</sub> and WSe<sub>2</sub> by pulse laser deposition assisted chemical vapor deposition method. The lateral hetero-junction can be clearly observed in morphological characterizations. The room temperature photoluminescence spectra at the interface show two strong peaks at 1.52 eV and 1.63 eV, corresponding to the A excitons arising from K point the first Brillion zone of monolayer  $MoSe_2$  and WSe<sub>2</sub> respectively. The polarization resolved photoluminescence spectra's at 50 K reveals 55.2 % and 29.4 % valley polarization of WSe<sub>2</sub> and MoSe<sub>2</sub>, respectively. However, the inter-band transition around (~1.32 eV), previously observed in vertical hetero-structure could not be observed in lateral case due to spatial separation of energy bands of MoSe<sub>2</sub> and WSe<sub>2</sub>.

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