

Abstract Submitted  
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**Understanding chemical vapor deposition (CVD) growth of MoS<sub>2</sub> layers by ReaxFF-molecular dynamics simulations<sup>1</sup>** SUNGWOOK HONG, ARAVIND KRISHNAMOORTHY, CHUNYANG SHENG, PANKAJ RAJAK, SUBODH TIWARI, ANKIT MISHRA, RAJIV K. KALIA, AIICHIRO NAKANO, PRIYA VASHISHTA, Univ of Southern California, COLLABORATORY FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING AND SIMULATIONS TEAM — Recently, mono-layered MoS<sub>2</sub> has been widely studied for the next generation of electronic devices. A fundamental understanding of the CVD growth of MoS<sub>2</sub> layer is the key to manufacturing a high quality of MoS<sub>2</sub>-based devices. However, reaction kinetics of the CVD growth of the MoS<sub>2</sub> layer has not been fully understood; and synthesis of uniform mono-layered MoS<sub>2</sub> up to the wafer-scale is still challenging. This is primarily due to the complexity of the CVD processes (*i.e.*, intermediate structures from MoO<sub>3</sub> to MoS<sub>2</sub> phases). Reactive molecular dynamic (MD) simulations can provide atomistic-scale insights into complex surface reactions during the CVD growth. For this reason, our work focuses on developing a ReaxFF reactive force field for MoO<sub>3</sub>/MoS<sub>2</sub>/S interactions and performing massively parallel MD simulations of the sulfidation of MoO<sub>3</sub> systems. Our goal is to clarify the reaction mechanism of the sulfidation of MoO<sub>3</sub> clusters, and provide a theory-supported rational design for not only MoS<sub>2</sub>-based applications but also for synthesis of other two-dimensional materials.

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