

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR17 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Charging dynamics of single InGaAs quantum dots under resonant excitation** GARY LANDER, DISHENG CHEN, West Virginia University, GLENN SOLOMON, National Institute of Standards and Technology, University of Maryland, EDWARD FLAGG, West Virginia University — We investigate the rates of charge state fluctuation in single InGaAs quantum dots under resonant excitation and with an additional low-power above-band laser. Resonant excitation of either a neutral or charged quantum dot can cause a transition to the opposite charge state, which greatly diminishes the fluorescence and reduces a dot's suitability to act as an efficient photon source. A counter to this effect is a low-power above-band laser that supplies the local charge environment with extra electrons and holes in the bulk GaAs. These charge carriers can be captured by either a charged quantum dot, resulting in neutralization and allowing resonant excitation of the exciton state, or a neutral quantum dot, allowing resonant excitation of the trion state. We characterize as a function of laser power both the steady-state regime and the time-dependent dynamics of the system by modulating either the above-band or resonant laser. The time-resolved fluorescence is recorded and fit with a population evolution model to extract the charging and discharging rates of both the trion and neutral exciton.

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Date submitted: 11 Nov 2016

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