## Abstract Submitted for the MAR17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Mapping the Superconducting Anti-ferromagnetic  $C_4$  Phase in Iron-Pnictides<sup>1</sup> RYAN STADEL, KEITH TADDEI, Physics-Northern Illinois University and MSD-Argonne National Lab, DAN BUGARIS, SAUL LAPIDUS, HEL-MUT CLAUS, DANIEL PHELAN, MSD-Argonne National Lab, DUCK YOUNG CHUNG, MERCOURI KANATZIDIS, MSD-Argonne National Lab and Chemistry-Northwestern University, RAYMOND OSBORN, STEPHAN ROSENKRANZ, MSD-Argonne National Lab, OMAR CHMAISSEM, NIU and ANL — Following the discovery of the microscopic coexistence of antifermagnetic spin density waves and superconductivity in Ba<sub>1-x</sub>K<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> and the low temperature re-entrance to the novel magnetic  $C_4$  tetragonal phase in  $Ba_{1-x}Na_xFe_2As_2$ , there has been significant interest in developing an understanding of the properties and formation of these phases and analyzing their dependence on temperature and composition in hole-doped 122 alkaline earth metal/iron-pnictides. We describe the mapping of various Ba, Sr, and Ca 122 phase diagrams with systematically controlled levels of hole-doping of alkaline metal onto the alkaline earth metal site, which was investigated via x-ray and neutron diffraction. Our elaborate synthesis, diffraction work, and analysis maps and firmly establishes the  $C_4$  phase space in these ternary diagrams as well as the boundary lines that separate the individual phases, and provides natural clues as well as a framework to investigate the stability and formation of the C<sub>4</sub> domes that shift location with doping contents in the phase diagrams.

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