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**A critical fixed point of QED<sub>3</sub> with quenched disorder** ALEX THOMSON, SUBIR SACHDEV, Harvard University — Quantum electrodynamics in 2+1-dimensions (QED<sub>3</sub>) describes a critical phase of matter known as the algebraic spin liquid. It is a strongly coupled conformal field theory with a U(1) gauge boson coupled to  $4N_f$  two-component massless fermions. At  $N_f = 1$ , this is a proposed ground state of the spin-1/2 kagome Heisenberg antiferromagnet. We study the behaviour of QED<sub>3</sub> in the presence of weak quenched disorder in its two spatial directions. When the disorder explicitly breaks the fermion flavour symmetry from  $SU(4N_f) \rightarrow U(1) \times SU(2N_f)$ , we find that the theory flows to a non-trivial critical point with a dynamical critical exponent  $z > 1$ . At this critical point, we determine the zero-temperature spin conductivity. Our calculations are done in the large- $N_f$  limit and the disorder is handled using the replica method.

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