

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR17 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Molecular dynamics simulations of shock induced deformation twinning of FCC single crystal copper ANUPAM NEOGI, SUNIL RAWAT, NILANJAN MITRA, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur — Multi-million atom non-equilibrium molecular dynamics simulations has been carried out to demonstrate shock induced deformation pathway of FCC single crystal Cu loaded along $\langle 100 \rangle$, $\langle 110 \rangle$ and $\langle 111 \rangle$ directions for a varying range of shock intensities. For the shock traveling along $\langle 100 \rangle$ crystal direction, slippage based plasticity has been observed to occur up to the shock pressure of ~ 58 GPa i.e piston velocity of 1.1 km/s. For higher intensity of shock i.e. shock pressure above ~ 60 GPa (piston velocity of 1.2 km/s), predominating nature of twinning mechanism has been identified during post-shock relaxation. The underlying atomistic mechanism of this conversion of slip-based to twin-based plasticity has been studied along with distribution of shock induced strain in the deformed matrix and its associated post-shock relaxation. Post-shock relaxation upon unloading has been identified to play a crucial role over the resultant texturing in the target sample. The activation and temporal evolution of different twin systems has been studied. Moreover, a complete atomistic mechanism of this slip-to-twin transition in FCC shocked metal will be discussed.

Anupam Neogi
Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur

Date submitted: 11 Nov 2016

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