Abstract Submitted for the MAR17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Magnetic and Structural Properties of Mn_3Ge Nanoparticles¹ ONUR TOSUN, Department of PhysicsAstronomy, University of Delaware, BAL-AMURUGAN BALASUBRAMANIAN, RALPH SKOMSKI, DAVID J. SELL-MYER, Department of PhysicsAstronomy, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, GEORGE C. HADJIPANAYIS, Department of PhysicsAstronomy, University of Delaware, DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICSASTRONOMY, UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE TEAM, DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICSASTRONOMY, UNIVER-SITY OF NEBRASKA, LINCOLN TEAM — In this work, we have investigated the magnetic and structural properties of Mn_3Ge nanoparticles prepared by the cluster-beam deposition technique. The composition, crystal structure and magnetic properties of the nanoparticles have been characterized by energy dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (EDS), X-ray diffraction (XRD), high-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HR-TEM) and magnetometry measurements with the PPMS. Particles made with 1.5 Torr Argon pressure and power of 60 W have an average size of 13 nm and a highly disordered crystal structure. However, after a short annealing at 700 °C, the particle's structure is transformed to the hexagonal Ni₃Sn-type structure with space group $P6_3/mmc(194)$ which is the same as in bulk. Hysteresis loop measurements showed that the annealed particles are ferromagnetic at room temperature showing a coercivity of 0.3 kOe at 50 K. The effects of particle size and temperature on the magnetic and structural properties are currently being studied and the results will be reported and discussed.

¹Work supported by DOE BES- FG02-90ER45413

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Date submitted: 11 Nov 2016

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