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Stable and Metastable Mixed Polymeric Carbon, Nitrogen, and Oxygen Compounds at High Pressures BRAD STEELE, IVAN OLEYNIK, University of South Florida — Polymeric C<sub>x</sub>N<sub>v</sub>O<sub>z</sub> compounds are promising candidates for novel high energy density materials. Both nitrogen and carbon monoxide transform into polymeric high energy density materials at high pressures: over 100 GPa for nitrogen and just over a few GPa for polymeric carbon monoxide (p-CO). The recovery of polymeric nitrogen at ambient conditions remains problematic while p-CO is found to decompose at ambient conditions. In spite of the potential usefulness of C<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>O<sub>z</sub> compounds, very little is known about their high pressure chemistry. In this work, extensive first principles variable-composition evolutionary structure prediction calculations are performed to predict the mixed  $C_x N_v O_z$  phase diagram at pressures up to 100 GPa. The search reveals the polymeric  $C_2N_2O$  structure in the space group  $Cmc2_1$ , which is a known structure of  $Si_2N_2O$ , to be stable at just 10 GPa. We also predict several metastable mixed  $(CO)_x$ - $(N_2)_y$  structures energetically favorable compared to p-CO and N<sub>2</sub>. Several materials are predicted to have an energy density comparable to p-CO at ambient conditions. Predicted structures are characterized by their Raman spectra and equations of state.

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