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CVD Growth of Bi_2Se_3 Crystals RYUTA YAGI, TAISHI TAKEGAWA, ADSM, Hiroshima University — We have studied condition for CVD Bi_2Se_3 growth in detail. Morphology of grown crystal varied drastically depending on temperature of substrate, flow rate of transport gas, temperature of source materials and catalysts. At an optimum condition we could obtain thin single crystals which were hexagonal in shape. At lower temperatures, we have obtained thin wire single crystals. Magneto transport measurement indicated signature of weak antilocalization. Carrier mobility was as large as 2700 cm²/Vs, however two-dimensional carrier density was significantly large $\sim 3.6 \times 10^{13}$ cm⁻² possibly due to vacancy of Se atoms.

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