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Magnon Condensates in Spin-Transfer Torque Nanocontacts¹ ANDREW D. KENT, Department of Physics, New York University

In ferromagnets with uniaxial magnetic anisotropy there is an attractive interaction between spin-wave excitations or magnons. This can lead to the formation of a magnon condensate, predicted in the late 1970s—also known as a magnetic droplet soliton [1]. Only recently has it been possible to realize this state experimentally by creating a non-equilibrium magnon population using spin-transfer torques from a spin-polarized current. Experiments are conducted using a nanocontact to a thin film with perpendicular magnetic anisotropy [3-6]. DC and high frequency transport measurements demonstrate that magnetic droplet solitons exhibit a strong hysteretic response to field and current, showing the existence of bistable states: droplet and non-droplet states [4]. We also present the first direct observation of droplet solitons using scanning transmission x-ray microscopy (SXTM) [5]. Element resolved x-ray magnetic circular dichroism images show an abrupt onset of magnetic solitons at a threshold current, as predicted by theory [2]. The amplitude of the excitation, however, is far less than predicted. A possible origin of this discrepancy is a resonant drift instability, whereby the droplet periodically moves out of the contact region, annihilates and renucleates in the nanocontact [6,7]. Our recent measurements of the time scale for droplet generation and annihilation with pulsed currents show that annihilation takes several ns but the generation time is much longer, ~ 100 ns. These recent results will be presented along with a prespective on future experiments with magnon condensates.

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