## Abstract Submitted for the MAS21 Meeting of The American Physical Society

10th Year Anniversary of Einstein's (Nonlocal) Hidden Variables and the Advancement of Science MANUEL MORALES, Rowan University — Historically, when a new scientific discovery has been made it is necessary for others to test such findings for validity and if not invalid accept the new discovery by applying it towards the advancement of science. However, ten years has passed since the initial findings of the discovery of Albert Einsteins (nonlocal) hidden variables was published and subsequently presented at an APS meeting in April, 2011. By accounting for two predetermined first-order functions, i.e., direct and indirect selection, unambiguous empirical evidence was obtained. Failure to account for the two mutually exclusive first-order variables necessary to conduct all empirical studies is a catastrophic omission leading to false-positive and false-negative results and conclusions. Fortunately, the two mutually exclusive origin functions are predetermined mechanisms such that it is necessary for their codes to be embedded in the empirical evidence generated by these variables. This means that the raw data in empirical investigations such as CERNs LHC experiments contains the hidden codes of the fundamental variables that created their data. The discovery of these codes will reveal algorithms that can be applied towards the unication of physical theories and the advancement of science once the omission error issue has been addressed.

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