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### Two-Body Photodisintegration of ${}^3\text{He}$ between 0.4 and 1.5 GeV

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The  $\gamma{}^3\text{He} \rightarrow pd$  reaction was measured with the CLAS detector at Jefferson Lab for photon energies between 0.4 and 1.5 GeV and proton CM angles  $\theta_{CM}^p$  between  $40^\circ$  and  $140^\circ$ . It is complementary to the three-body breakup of  ${}^3\text{He}$  with respect to studying three-body mechanisms. At all photon energies for our experiment, the differential cross sections exhibit a very strong forward-to-backward asymmetry — approximately one order of magnitude. An interesting feature of the differential cross sections is that their slope does not depend on the photon energy and there is a change of slope at  $\theta_{CM}^p = 120^\circ$  seen at all photon energies. The invariant cross sections fall off with  $s$  (where  $s$  is the total CM energy) much faster than expected by the quark counting rules [1]. The latter predict that in the asymptotic regime  $t \rightarrow \infty$  the invariant cross sections should scale as  $s^{-17}$ , whereas our data scale as  $s^{-22}$ . A comparison of our preliminary results with the cross sections predicted by Jean-Marc Laget's model [2] shows that the differential cross sections for angles greater than  $60^\circ$  are sensitive to contributions from three-body mechanisms. The relative importance of the latter, with respect to one- and two-body mechanisms, is larger at 0.6 - 0.8 GeV than at higher energies. This has already been observed in our data for  $\gamma{}^3\text{He} \rightarrow ppn$  [3] and seems to be a characteristic of the three-body mechanisms at medium energies.

1. S.J. Brodsky and G.R. Farrar, Phys. Rev. Lett. **31**, 1153 (1973)
2. J-M. Laget, Phys. Rev. C **38**, 2993 (1988)
3. S. Niccolai *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **70**, 064003 (2004)

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