

Abstract Submitted  
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**Extending Newton's Universal Theory of Gravity** SOL AISENBERG, International Technology Group — This should remove the mystery of Dark Matter. Newton's universal theory of gravity only used the observations of the motion of planets in our solar system. Hubble later used observations of fixed stars in the universe, and showed that the fixed stars were actually galaxies with very large numbers of stars. Newton's universal law of gravity could not explain these new observations without the mystery of dark matter for the additional gravity. In science, when a theory is not able to explain new observations it is necessary to modify the theory or abandon the theory. Rubin observed flat (constant velocity) rotation curves for stars in spiral galaxies. Dark matter was proposed to provide the missing gravity. The equation balancing gravitational force and centripetal force is  $M \cdot G = v^2 \cdot r$  and for the observed constant velocity  $v$  this requires  $M \cdot G$  to be a linear function of distance  $r$ . If the linear dependence is instead assigned to  $G$  instead of  $M$  to give a new value for  $G_n$  as  $G + A \cdot r$ , this will explain the observations in the cosmos and also in our solar system for small  $r$ . See "The Misunderstood Universe" for more details.

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