

Abstract Submitted  
for the NES17 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Surface modification of  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  cathode materials with ZnO** AMIR OMIDWAR, SAM CHIOVOLONI, RAHUL SINGHAL, PETER LEMAIRE, Central Connecticut State University — We have successfully optimized the conditions for the synthesis of  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  cathode materials for Li ion rechargeable batteries. We obtained the optimum calcinations temperatures for  $\text{LiMn}_2\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{LiMn}_{1.75}\text{Fe}_{0.25}\text{O}_4$ , and  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  as 850°C, 750°C, and 750°C, respectively. It has been reported in the literature that cycleability of  $\text{LiMn}_2\text{O}_4$  cathode materials can be improved by surface modification of  $\text{LiMn}_2\text{O}_4$  cathode materials with ZnO. In the present studies we have coated  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  cathode materials with 2% ZnO. The coating of ZnO onto  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  were performed using zinc acetate as precursor materials. Appropriate quantity of zinc acetate was first dissolved in ethanol. Upon complete dissolution of zinc acetate in ethanol, required quantity of  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  cathode material was poured in this solution, followed by continuous stirring for 4 hrs. The solution was then dried in an oven in air atmosphere. The physical characterization of the ZnO coated  $\text{LiMn}_{2-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_4$  cathode materials were carried out using X-ray diffraction, differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) and thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA). The detailed results of our investigation will be presented during the meeting.

Peter LeMaire  
Central Connecticut State University

Date submitted: 20 Mar 2017

Electronic form version 1.4