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Anomalous Hydrodynamics and Magnetohydrodynamics GEORGE NEWMAN, University of Washington, Institute for Nuclear Theory — Our goal is to examine the role of anomalies in the hydrodynamic regime of field theories. We employ methods based on gauge/gravity duality to examine R-charge anomalies in the hydrodynamic regime of strongly t'Hooft coupled, large N, $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM. We use a quasiparticle treatment based on the familiar "level-crossing" picture of chiral anomalies to investigate thermalized massless QED. In each case we find the same result. Regardless of whether a particular current is anomalously non-conserved or not, as long as it participates in an anomalous 3-pt. correlator, its constitutive relation recieves a new term: $\vec{j}^a \propto -d^{abc}\vec{B}^b\rho^c$. We include a general argument for the presence of such terms, based on the formulation of hydrodynamics as an effective classical field theory.

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