Effect of Heating and H gas Exposure on MgZnO Nanoparticle Conductivity. CHRIS BERVEN, JOSEPH DICK, LEAH BERGMAN, JOHN MORRISON, JESSE HUSO, University of Idaho — Changes in the conductivity of Mg$_x$Zn$_{1-x}$O ($x = 0.15$) nanoparticles as a function gas exposure and temperature are reported. The nanoparticles were prepared using wet chemical techniques on insulating thermally grown SiO$_x$ Si substrates. Contact to the nanoparticle film was by gold wires laid across about 2 mm apart. The experiments were performed in a custom-built environmental chamber with the ability to evacuate or introduce various gases. For these experiments, the temperature was varied over a range of about 300 K to 420 K. Our measurements showed history-dependant behavior in changes of the conductance of the nanoparticle film. When the device was heated to $\sim$120 K in vacuum or in an Ar the current increased by the same amount. When repeated with H$_2$, the current increase was less. Initially, the effect was quite pronounced with a relative change by a factor of 20. With repetitions of the experiments, the same effect was observed but to a lesser degree suggesting a saturation phenomena. When the experiment was modified so that the H$_2$ gas was introduced at a high temperature to an evacuated chamber the current dropped but not by the same degree as before. A similar response to exposure to H$_2$ was found for exposure to O$_2$. Possible explanations for the observations will be presented.

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