Abstract Submitted for the OSS15 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Non-Fermi liquid properties of $Ni_{1-x}V_x$ close to the disordered ferromagnetic quantum critical point MITCH POWERS, DEKRAYAT AL-MAALOL, RUIZHE WANG, SEAN PAVLAK, TED OTIENO, BRENDAN WY-ATT, SARA UBAID-KASSIS, ALMUT SCHROEDER, Kent State University, THOMAS VOJTA, Missouri University of Science and Technology — Resistivity and magnetization data of the d-metal alloy $Ni_{1-x}V_x$ are presented in the vicinity of the critical Vanadium concentration of $x_c \approx 11.6\%$ where the onset of long-range ferromagnetic order is suppressed to zero temperature. The resistivity (ρ) displays power laws in temperature (T) $(\rho - \rho_o \sim T^n)$ with non-Fermi liquid values of n(x)<2 close to x_c . Above x_c the dependence of the magnetic susceptibility on T and magnetic field is best described by simple, non-universal, power laws with a Griffiths exponent $\alpha(\mathbf{x})$, indicating fluctuating magnetic clusters are still present in the paramagnetic phase. Below x_c similar $\alpha(x)$ exponents reveal clusters in the FM phase, as well. Both $\alpha(x)$ and n(x) vary with x and display a minimum at x_c . These exponents observed in this disordered quantum phase transition are significantly different than the critical exponents expected for a clean ferromagnet.

> Mitch Powers Kent State University

Date submitted: 27 Feb 2015

Electronic form version 1.4