

Abstract Submitted  
for the PSF09 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Scattering With Euclidean Green's Functions** PHILIP KOPP,  
WAYNE POLYZOU, University of Iowa — We show that it is possible to compute differential cross sections using matrix elements of polynomials in  $e^{-\beta^*H}$  in normalizable states. These matrix elements can be calculated by quadrature using reflection-positive Euclidean Green functions. The the proposed method is based on an explicit “time- dependent” computation of the Moeller wave operators using the Kato-Birman invariance principle to replace the Hamiltonian  $H$  by  $e^{-\beta^*H}$  in the expression for the wave operators. The compact spectrum of  $e^{-\beta^*H}$  allows uniform polynomial approximations of continuous functions of  $e^{-\beta^*H}$ . We tested the method using a solvable model with the range and strength of a typical nucleon-nucleon interaction and found convergence to the transition matrix elements for energies up to 1.5 GeV (and possibly higher).

Philip Kopp  
University of Iowa

Date submitted: 16 Oct 2009

Electronic form version 1.4