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Mode locking of electron spin coherence in singly charged quantum dots ALEXANDER EFROS, Naval Research Laboratory

Fast dephasing of electron spins in an ensemble of quantum dots is detrimental for applications in quantum-information processing. We show that dephasing can be overcome by using a periodic train of light pulses to synchronize the phases of the precessing spins, and demonstrate this effect in an ensemble of singly charged (In,Ga)As/GaAs quantum dots. A periodic train of circularly polarized light pulses from a mode-locked laser synchronizes the precession of the spins to the laser repetition rate, transferring the mode-locking into the spin system. The mode-locking technique allows us to measure the single-spin coherence time to be 3 microseconds, which is four orders of magnitude longer than the ensemble dephasing time of 400 picoseconds. The technique also offers the possibility of achieving all-optical coherent manipulation of spin ensembles, in which electron spins can be clocked by two trains of pump pulses with a fixed temporal delay. The nuclei in these experiments act constructively, leading to the nuclear-induced frequency-focusing effect, which moves the electron-spin precession into dephasing-free subspace.