## Abstract Submitted for the SES13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Atom chip-based ultracold potassium for testing microwave and RF potentials AUSTIN ZILTZ, MEGAN IVORY, CHARLES FANCHER, ANDREW PYLE, SETH AUBIN, College of William and Mary — We present progress on an experiment to manipulate and trap ultracold atoms with microwave and RF ( $\mu$ /RF) AC Zeeman potentials produced with an atom chip. These  $\mu$ /RF potentials are well suited for atom interferometry and 1D many-body physics studies due to their inherent spin-dependent nature and ability to operate in conjunction with magnetic Feshbach resonances to tune interactions. We have completed a dual species, dual chamber apparatus for producing ultracold rubidium and potassium gases on an rf-capable atom chip. The system produces Bose-Einstein condensates of  $10^4$  <sup>87</sup>Rb atoms. Recently, we have successfully trapped <sup>39</sup>K on the atom chip, and are working towards cooling it sympathetically via microwave evaporation of rubidium. We intend to exploit the  $\mu$ /RF potentials for atom interferometry as a spin-dependent beam splitter acting on optically trapped <sup>39</sup>K in the vicinity of the atom chip.

Austin Ziltz College of William and Mary

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