

Abstract Submitted  
for the SES21 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Multicritical Bifurcation and Weak First-order Phase Transition in a Three-dimensional, Three-state Ising Antiferromagnet**<sup>1</sup> DANIEL SILVA, PER ARNE RIKVOLD, Florida State University — The Blume-Capel model generalizes the Ising model to three states,  $\{-1, 0, +1\}$ , with one interaction constant,  $J$ , and two fields:  $H$  controlling the  $+1/-1$  balance, and  $D$  controlling the density of “vacancies (0). The antiferromagnetic (AFM) version ( $J < 0$ ) possesses surfaces of second-order phase transitions between ordered AFM phases and a disordered phase at high temperature, and one of first-order transitions separating the ordered phases from a uniform phase of mostly 0 at large  $D$ . These surfaces join smoothly along a line of tricritical points. In 3D (but not in 2D), this line bifurcates into a line of critical end points and a surface of weak first-order transitions [J.D. Kimel and Y.L. Wang, J. Appl. Phys. 69, 6176 (1991)]. We consider the bifurcation region for 3D in detail by standard Monte Carlo simulations of lattices up to  $32^3$  sites. Phase transitions were identified using finite-size scaling of order-parameter histograms, susceptibilities, and fourth-order cumulants. We identify the two phases separated by the first-order surface as two AFM ordered phases, one with a low vacancy density at temperatures below the transition, and one with a higher vacancy density above the transition. The density changes abruptly across the transition.

<sup>1</sup>U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science, Office of Nuclear Physics under Award Number DE-FG02-92ER40750, Research Council of Norway through the Center of Excellence funding scheme, Project No. 262644

Daniel Silva  
Florida State University

Date submitted: 29 Sep 2021

Electronic form version 1.4