

Abstract Submitted  
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**The Study of Shock Waves and Laser Excited Lattice Dynamics using Ultrafast X-ray Diffraction** DAVID J. FUNK, G.L. FISHER, D.E. HOF, H.J. LEE, D. LIM, Q. MCCULLOCH, C.A. MESEROLE, D.S. MOORE, J. ROBERTS, J.B. WORKMAN, A.J. TAYLOR, Los Alamos National Laboratory, N. HUR, S.-W. CHEONG, Rutgers University, J. WARK, Clarendon Laboratory, Oxford — We have studied the picosecond lattice dynamics of optically pumped hexagonal manganite LuMnO<sub>3</sub> using ultrafast x-ray diffraction. The results show a shift and broadening of the diffraction curve due to the stimulated lattice expansion. To understand the transient response of the lattice, the measured time- and angle-resolved diffraction curves are compared with a theoretical calculation based on dynamical diffraction theory modified for the hexagonal crystal structure of LuMnO<sub>3</sub>. Our simulations reveal that a large coupling coefficient between the a-b plane and the c-axis ( $c_{13}$ ) is required to the data. We compare this result to our previous coherent phonon studies of LuMnO<sub>3</sub> using optical pump-probe spectroscopy. We have also performed preliminary experiments of shock waves traversing thin (approximately one micron) metal single-crystals, characterizing the shock wave using ultrafast spatial interferometry and with ultrafast x-ray diffraction. A summary of our current results will be presented.

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