

Abstract Submitted  
for the SHOCK09 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Hydrostatic equation of state and anisotropic Constitutive Relationships in 1,3,5-triamino-2,4,6-trinitrobenzene (TATB)** MIKALAI BUDZEVICH, MICHAEL CONROY, AARON LANDERVILLE, YOU LIN, IVAN OLEYNIK, University of South Florida, CARTER WHITE, Naval Research Laboratory — TATB is an energetic molecular crystal which exhibits remarkable insensitivity to shock, heating and electrical sparks. Despite its high stability and relative safety, TATB is a highly powerful explosive which makes it an interesting target for both theoretical and experimental studies. We performed first-principles van-der-Waals Density Functional Theory (vdW-DFT) studies of the equilibrium properties and hydrostatic equation of state (EOS) for TATB and compared with experiment. The vdW-DFT showed better agreement with the experimentally determined hydrostatic EOS and unit cell parameters compared standard DFT, which suffers from the lack of proper description of long-range dispersive interactions. The anisotropic EOS as a function of uniaxial compression in the  $\{001\}$ ,  $\{010\}$ ,  $\{011\}$ ,  $\{100\}$ ,  $\{101\}$ ,  $\{110\}$ , and  $\{111\}$  crystallographic directions was also studied. Calculated mechanical properties such as the principal and shear stresses, energy gap, and the energy per atom show a clear anisotropy in the TATB molecular crystal upon uniaxial compression.

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Date submitted: 12 Feb 2009

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