Abstract for an Invited Paper for the SHOCK17 Meeting of the American Physical Society

Modeling the nonlinear finite compression response of crystalline solids with generalized Finslergeometric continuum mechanics JOHN CLAYTON, US ARL Impact Physics

A continuum theory based on Finsler differential geometry [1] and phase field dynamics is presented. A director component of pseudo-Finsler space is treated as an order parameter; volume dependence obeys a conformal transformation. Applications demonstrate predictive capabilities with little, if any, parameter fitting.

The first application addresses shock compression of magnesium along the c-axis. The order parameter quantifies pyramidal slip and dislocations. Jump conditions for planar shocks are solved. Unlike usual crystal plasticity models [2], no flow rule is required, with slip found from order parameter equilibrium [1].

The second application addresses shear and compression of boron carbide. Two order parameters enter a generalized Finsler state vector: the first accounts for twinning and/or amorphization, the second for fracture. Numerical solutions elucidate failure kinetics, and mesoscale simulations probe effects of polycrystal morphology.

[1] J.D. Clayton. Finsler geometry of nonlinear elastic solids with internal structure. Journal of Geometry and Physics 112:118-146, 2017.

[2] J.D. Clayton and D.L. McDowell. A multiscale multiplicative decomposition for elastoplasticity of polycrystals. International Journal of Plasticity 19:1401-1444, 2003.