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Vortex **Dynamics** Quantum in two-dimensional neutral superfuids¹ CHENG-CHING WANG, University of Texas at Austin, REMBERT DUINE, Institute for Theoretical Physics at Utrecht University, ALLAN MACDONALD, University of Texas at Austin — We derive an effective action for the vortex translational zero modes of a superfluid by integrating out environmental modes which include phase and density fluctuations of the condensate. When the quantum dynamics of the fluctuations are treated as frozen with negligible Berry phases in adiabatic limit, we confirm the occurrence of vortex Magnus force and adiabatic vortex mass due to compressibility of the superfluids in agreement with earlier studies. We show that the adiabatic approximation is only valid in large system with small coherence length $R \gg \xi$. Furthermore, we also build a numerical model based on discrete Gross-Pitaevskii equation to show the renormalization and broadening of the vortex cyclotron resonance peaks. It is demonstrated that well-defined cyclotron peaks in spectral functions can be sustained only when the condition $R \gg \xi$ is satisfied. With the mapping between discrete Gross-Pitaevskii equation and bosonic single-band Hubbard model, we propose that the adiabatic vortex dynamics can be realized by tuning the ratio between tunneling energy J and on-site interaction energy U between atoms in cold atom systems with optical lattices such that $U \gg J$.

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