Abstract Submitted for the TSF17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Experimental Demonstration of Epsilon-Near-Zero Perfect Ab-Ultra-Thin **Films**¹ CATHERINE sorber in ARNDT, ALEKSEI ANOPCHENKO, LONG TAO, HO WAI HOWARD LEE², Department of Physics, Baylor University, Waco, TX 76798 — There is a significant interest in the development of ultra-thin optical absorbers, which may lead to the potential of layered broadband absorbers. Ultra-thin (<100 nm) Indium Tin Oxide (ITO) layers support certain radiative and bound p-polarized plasmonic modes at epsilon-near-zero (ENZ) frequencies. Excitation of the radiative Berremen mode leads to perfect absorption in the near-IR spectrum. By utilizing these properties, we demonstrate perfect absorption (>99%) in <15 nm thick films. ITO nanolayers are deposited by RF sputtering at elevated temperatures to control their electron concentration and ENZ frequency on top of a thick gold layer. A super continuum laser (600-1700 nm) excites the Berreman mode of the ultra-thin ITO layer. The specular reflection from the sample is collected, revealing >99% absorption in the near-IR spectrum. We also demonstrate that perfect absorption of single layer ultra-thin films could be layered to create a broadband absorber. Layers of ITO with varying ENZ wavelengths are deposited on top of a thick gold layer. The perfect absorption in ultra-thin layers confirms the possibility of a multi-layered broadband perfect absorber.

¹This work was supported in parts by The DARPA (grant number N66001-17-1-4047), the Young Investigator Development Program, the Undergraduate Research and Scholarly Activity Small Grant Program, and the Vice Provost for Research at Baylor University

²The Institute for Quantum Science and Engineering, Texas AM University College Station, TX 77843, United States

Catherine Arndt Department of Physics, Baylor University

Date submitted: 03 Oct 2018

Electronic form version 1.4