

Abstract Submitted  
for the APR17 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Modeling Multi-Variate Gaussian Distributions and Analysis of Higgs Boson Couplings with the ATLAS Detector**<sup>1</sup> OLIVIA KROHN, Cal State Univ- Fresno, AARON ARMBRUSTER, Stanford Univeristy, YONGSHENG GAO, Cal State Univ- Fresno, ATLAS COLLABORATION — Software tools developed for the purpose of modeling CERN LHC  $pp$  collision data to aid in its interpretation are presented. Some measurements are not adequately described by a Gaussian distribution; thus an interpretation assuming Gaussian uncertainties will inevitably introduce bias, necessitating analytical tools to recreate and evaluate non-Gaussian features. One example is the measurements of Higgs boson production rates in different decay channels, and the interpretation of these measurements. The ratios of data to Standard Model expectations ( $\mu$ ) for five arbitrary signals were modeled by building five Poisson distributions with mixed signal contributions such that the measured values of  $\mu$  are correlated. Algorithms were designed to recreate probability distribution functions of  $\mu$  as multi-variate Gaussians, where the standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) and correlation coefficients ( $\rho$ ) are parametrized. There was good success with modeling 1-D likelihood contours of  $\mu$ , and the multi-dimensional distributions were well modeled within  $1\text{-}\sigma$  but the model began to diverge after  $2\text{-}\sigma$  due to unmerited assumptions in developing  $\rho$ . Future plans to improve the algorithms and develop a user-friendly analysis package will also be discussed.

<sup>1</sup>NSF International Research Experiences for Students

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Date submitted: 30 Sep 2016

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