

Abstract Submitted  
for the APR18 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Dynamical initialization and hydrodynamic modeling of relativistic heavy-ion collisions**<sup>1</sup> CHUN SHEN, BJOERN SCHENKE, Brookhaven Natl Lab — We present a fully three-dimensional model providing initial conditions for energy and conserved charge density distributions in heavy ion collisions at RHIC Beam Energy Scan (BES) collision energies. The model includes the dynamical deceleration of participating nucleons or valence quarks. It provides a realistic estimation of the initial baryon stopping during the early stage of collisions. We study various observables obtained directly from the initial state model, including net-baryon rapidity distributions, 2-particle rapidity correlations, and the rapidity decorrelation of the transverse geometry. Their dependence on the model implementation and parameter values is investigated. We also present the implementation of the model with 3+1 dimensional hydrodynamics, which involves the addition of source terms that deposit energy and net-baryon densities produced by the initial state model at proper times greater than the initial time for the hydrodynamic simulation. The importance of this pre-equilibrium stage on hadronic flow observables at the RHIC BES will be quantified.

<sup>1</sup>This work is supported under DOE Contract No. DE-SC0012704, No. DE-AC02-05CH11231, and within the framework of the Beam Energy Scan Theory (BEST) Topical Collaboration.

Chun Shen  
Brookhaven Natl Lab

Date submitted: 11 Dec 2017

Electronic form version 1.4