

Abstract Submitted  
for the APR18 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Use of a Density Function to Represent Gravity** GEORGE SCHUHMANN<sup>1</sup>, Univ of Louisville — The author presents a density function,  $\rho(r, \theta, \phi)$ , which, when extended into space-time coordinates  $\rho(r, \theta, \phi, t)$ , can provide an alternative model for gravitation theory. The goal is to demonstrate that  $\rho(r, \theta, \phi, t)$  is a faithful representation of the manifold of curved space-time described by General Relativity (GR). Such an approach could yield valuable benefits to include theoretical insights and computational efficiencies to improve our understanding of gravity as a force of nature. This model also suggests a solution that avoids the singularities inherent in GR. In the density model, gravitational force decreases toward the center of a massive sphere to a pole representing zero rather than increasing to an essential infinity. Other implications of the density representation of gravity are to be presented.

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy

George Schuhmann  
Univ of Louisville

Date submitted: 12 Jan 2018

Electronic form version 1.4