

Abstract Submitted
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**Numerical Black Hole Solutions in Modified Gravity Theories:
Axial Symmetry Case** ANDREW SULLIVAN, Montana State University, NICO-
LAS YUNES, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, THOMAS SOTIRIOU,
University of Nottingham — We extend recently developed numerical code to obtain
stationary, axisymmetric solutions that describe rotating black hole spacetimes in
a wide class of modified theories of gravity. The code utilizes a relaxed Newton-
Raphson method to solve the full nonlinear modified Einstein's Equations on a two-
dimensional grid with a Newton polynomial finite difference discretization scheme.
We validate this code by considering static and axisymmetric black holes in General
Relativity. We obtain rotating black hole solutions in scalar-Gauss-Bonnet gravity
with a linear (linear scalar-Gauss-Bonnet) and an exponential (Einstein-dilaton-
Gauss-Bonnet) coupling and compare them to known perturbative solutions. From
these numerical solutions, we construct a fitted analytical model and study observ-
able properties calculated from this model and the numerical results.

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