

Abstract Submitted  
for the APR21 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**A New Approach to Probe Non-Standard Interactions in Atmospheric Neutrino Experiments** ANIL KUMAR, Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar, AMINA KHATUN, Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia, SANJIB KUMAR AGARWALLA, Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar, AMOL DIGHE, Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Mumbai, INDIA-BASED NEUTRINO OBSERVATORY (INO) COLLABORATION — We propose a new approach to explore the neutral-current non-standard neutrino interactions (NSI) in atmospheric neutrino experiments using oscillation dips and valleys in reconstructed muon observables, at a detector like ICAL. We show that the non-zero value of NSI parameter  $\varepsilon_{\mu\tau}$  shifts the oscillation dip locations in  $L/E$  distributions of the up/down event ratios of reconstructed  $\mu^-$  and  $\mu^+$  in opposite directions. We introduce a new variable  $\Delta d$  representing the difference of dip locations in  $\mu^-$  and  $\mu^+$ , which is sensitive to  $\varepsilon_{\mu\tau}$ , and is independent of the value of  $\Delta m_{32}^2$ . We further note that the oscillation valley in the  $(E, \cos\theta)$  plane of the reconstructed muon observables bends in the presence of NSI, its curvature having opposite signs for  $\mu^-$  and  $\mu^+$ . We illustrate how the measurement of contrast in the curvatures of valleys in  $\mu^-$  and  $\mu^+$  can be used to estimate  $\varepsilon_{\mu\tau}$ . Using these proposed oscillation dip and valley measurements, the achievable precision on  $|\varepsilon_{\mu\tau}|$  at 90% C.L. is about 2% with 500 kt·yr exposure including the effects of statistical fluctuations, systematic errors, and uncertainties in oscillation parameters.

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Date submitted: 08 Jan 2021

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