

Abstract Submitted
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Excitation energies, hyperfine constants, E1, E2, M1 transition rates, and lifetimes of $6s^2nl$ states in Tl I and Pb II U.I. SAFRONOVA, University of Nevada, Reno, M.S. SAFRONOVA, University of Delaware, W.R. JOHNSON, University of Notre Dame — Energies of $6s^2np_j$ ($n = 6-9$), $6s^2ns_{1/2}$ ($n = 7-9$), $6s^2nd_j$ ($n = 6-8$), and $6s^2nf_{5/2}$ ($n = 5-6$) states in Tl I and Pb II are obtained using relativistic many-body perturbation theory. Reduced matrix elements, oscillator strengths, transition rates, and lifetimes are determined for the 72 possible $6s^2nl_j - 6s^2n'l'_j$ electric-dipole transitions. Electric-quadrupole and magnetic-dipole matrix elements are evaluated to obtain $6s^2np_{3/2} - 6s^2mp_{1/2}$ ($n, m = 6, 7$) transition rates. Hyperfine constants A are evaluated for $6s^2np_j$ ($n = 6-9$), $6s^2ns_{1/2}$ ($n = 7-9$), and $6s^2nd_j$ ($n = 6-8$) states in ^{205}Tl . First-, second-, third-, and all-order corrections to the energies and matrix elements and first- and second-order Breit corrections to energies are calculated. In our implementation of the all-order method, single and double excitations of Dirac-Fock wave functions are included to all orders in perturbation theory. These calculations provide a theoretical benchmark for comparison with experiment and theory. Work was supported in part by National Science Foundation Grant No. PHY-01-39928 and DOE/NNSA under UNR grant DE-FC52-01NV14050.

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