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**Energy transfer in collisions of atmospheric O and H<sub>2</sub>** MARKO GACESA, PENG ZHANG, VASILI KHARCHENKO, Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics — We report new differential and total cross sections calculated quantum mechanically for O(<sup>3</sup>P) + H<sub>2</sub>(*v, j*) reactive collision using the most recent chemically accurate potential energy surfaces for <sup>3</sup>A' and <sup>3</sup>A''. Reactive state-to-state calculations were performed at energies important for astrophysical environments and planetary atmospheres for total angular momenta up to  $J = 100$ , and non-reactive cross sections were constructed for higher values of  $J$ . Corresponding differential cross sections were used to construct the kernel of Boltzmann equation and calculate energy relaxation of hot oxygen atoms in collisions with H<sub>2</sub>. Escape of molecular hydrogen from planetary atmospheres and the role of angular anisotropy of the scattering are also discussed.

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