

Abstract Submitted
for the DAMOP12 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Asymmetries in Production of $\text{He}^+(n=2)$ with an Intense Few-Cycle Attosecond Pulse¹ JEAN MARCEL NGOKO DJIOKAP, The University of Nebraska-Lincoln, SUXING X. HU, The University of Rochester, ANTHONY F. STARACE, The University of Nebraska-Lincoln — By solving the two-active-electron time-dependent Schrödinger equation (in its full dimensionality) in an intense few-cycle attosecond pulse, we investigate the carrier-envelope-phase (CEP) induced asymmetries in the differential probability for ionization plus excitation of He to the $\text{He}^+(n = 2)$ states. Owing to the broad bandwidth of the intense pulse, substantial asymmetries in the differential probability for ionization of an electron along the positive and negative polarization direction of the pulse are found. Such asymmetry involves prominent interference between direct and indirect ionization pathways seen simultaneously in the partial photoelectron spectra. Electron correlations are probed by comparing projections of the wave packet onto the field-free highly correlated Jacobi matrix wave function [E. Fomouo et al., Phys. Rev. A **74**, 063409 (2006)] and uncorrelated Coulomb states. The CEP-effect found along the z-axis in the total asymmetry seems to be consistent with perturbation theory [E. A. Pronin et al., Phys. Rev. A **80**, 063403 (2009)].

¹This work is supported in part by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Division of Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences, under Grant No. DE-FG03-96ER14646.

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Date submitted: 25 Jan 2012

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