

Abstract Submitted
for the DAMOP14 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Early time dynamics of strongly coupled ultracold neutral Ca^+ and Ca^{2+} plasmas¹ MARY LYON, SCOTT BERGESON, Brigham Young University — Ultracold neutral plasmas are generated by photoionizing laser-cooled atoms. Due to their extremely low temperatures, ultracold plasmas fall into the “strongly coupled” regime, where strong coupling is characterized by the parameter Γ . This dimensionless parameter, given by the ratio of the Coulomb potential energy to the average kinetic energy of the ions, describes the complete thermodynamic state of a strongly coupled system. This makes it possible to study the fundamental behavior of strongly coupled systems as manifested in high energy-density plasmas using low energy table-top experiments. We report progress on an experiment in laser-cooled calcium designed to increase the strong coupling of an ultracold neutral plasma by promoting the plasma ions to the second ionization state. Measurements of the effect that the Ca^{2+} ions have on the temperature of the Ca^+ ions as a function of the second ionization fraction are discussed.

¹Funded by NSF, AFOSR, NASA.

Mary Lyon
Brigham Young University

Date submitted: 30 Jan 2014

Electronic form version 1.4