

Abstract Submitted  
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**Cooperative shielding in three-dimensional lattices**<sup>1</sup> JOSHUA T CANTIN, Univ of British Columbia, TIANRUI XU, Univ of California, Berkeley, ROMAN V KREMS, Univ of British Columbia — Cooperative shielding is the phenomenon that can make quantum systems with long-range interactions behave effectively as those with short-ranged interactions. Cooperative shielding has been previously demonstrated for both single-particle and many-body systems in *one*-dimensional (1D) lattices. We demonstrate that cooperative shielding extends to single-particle systems with *isotropic* long-range hopping in *three*-dimensional (3D) lattices. We analytically diagonalize a Hamiltonian containing isotropic long-range hopping terms of the form  $r^{-\alpha}$  for a 3D lattice, under periodic boundary conditions, and where  $\alpha$  is an arbitrary, real constant. We find that the obtained energy level structure is analogous to that observed in 1D. We also find that, for the 3D system of sidelength  $N$ , the shielding gap responsible for cooperative shielding diverges as  $\Delta \propto N^3$ , in contrast to the 1D case where  $\Delta \propto N$ . We further demonstrate, via numerical diagonalization, that cooperative shielding also extends to 3D systems with open boundary conditions.

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