

Abstract Submitted
for the DAMOP20 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Metastable Manipulation of the $^{133}\text{Ba}^+$ Qubit¹ ZACHARY WALL,
UCLA, UCLA HUDSON GROUP TEAM — Trapped ions are attractive qubit hosts
due to their long coherence times and straightforward manipulation via electromag-
netic fields. Future fault-tolerant quantum computers will not only require ultra-high
fidelity gate operations, which has been the focus of recent efforts, but also ultra-
high fidelity state preparation and measurement (SPAM), which is currently orders
of magnitude lower. We present recent work with the synthetic trapped-ion qubit
 $^{133}\text{Ba}^+$, a radioactive isotope of barium with a 10.5yr half-life. The spin-1/2 nu-
cleus, visible wavelength electronic transitions, and long-lived $2D_{5/2}$ state make this
trapped-ion qubit ideal for ultra-high fidelity work. We demonstrate manipulation
through a stimulated Raman transition of the $2D_{5/2}$ state as a stable qubit.

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Date submitted: 23 Feb 2020

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